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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/766,104	01/27/2004	Woonza M. Rhee	112129-403C5	2188
41551 7590 10/16/2008 SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC 701 FIFTH AVENUE, SUITE 5400 SEATTLE, WA 98104-7092				
EXAMINER				
FUBARA, BLESSING M				
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER		
1618				
MAIL DATE		DELIVERY MODE		
10/16/2008		PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/766,104

Applicant(s)

RHEE ET AL.

Examiner

BLESSING M. FUBARA

Art Unit

1618

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 June 2008.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-16, 19-22, 25-47, 50, 53-56 and 59-84 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-16, 19-22, 25-47, 50, 53-56 and 59-84 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Examiner acknowledges receipt of request for extension of time, amendments and remarks filed 6/23/08. Claims 1, 35, 73, 76, 77, 79 and 80 are amended. New claims 82-84 are added. Claims 17, 18, 23, 24, 48, 49, 51, 52, 57 and 58 are canceled. Claims 1-16, 19-22, 25-47, 50, 53-56 and 59-84 are pending.

Response to Arguments

Previous rejections that are not reiterated herein are withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

2. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

3. Claims 1-16, 19-22, 25-47, 50, 53-56 and 59-84 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rhee et al. (US 5,162,430) in view of Jiang et al. (US 5,505,952).

Rhee repairs tissues such as nose, ear, knee, larynx, tracheal rings; or replace tendon, ligament and blood vessel tissue by applying a mixture of collagen and dPEG (column 12, lines 49-61). The PEG used in Rhee can also be activated as succinimidyl monomethylpolyethylene glycol (column 9, lines 1-6) and the succinimidyl ester PEG is capable of reacting with free amino groups as it does with the lysine residues of collagen (column 9, lines 6-10). The activated PEG and the collagen meets the limitations of the first and second precursors having different groups, nucleophilic and electrophilic groups as required by claims 1-16, 19, 20, 25, 29, 35-47, 50, 53, 54, 59, 63, 70, 72-77, 79-81. The reaction of the activated PEG and the collagen appears to occur at about pH of 7 (column 9, line 60) meeting claims 27, 31, 61 and 65. The concentrations/amounts recited in claims 26, 28, 30, 32, 60, 62, 64 and 66 would not patentably distinguish the claimed invention over the prior art in the absence of factual showing. Rhee contemplates using molar excess of the activated PEG (column 10, line 2) meeting claims 33, 34, 67 and 68. Rhee contemplates an embodiment in which the mixture can be administered to the site before cross-linking is completed (column 7, lines 60-67; column 11, lines 60-64) meeting the requirement that claims 1, 35 and 73. While Rhee does not specifically state that the two solutions are separately applied, the two solutions are mixed and applied and polymerization and cross-linked in situ. Rhee teaches that the composition is administered to augment or repair soft or hard tissue (column 6, lines 28-46) meeting the methods of the claims.

While the claims do not require synthetic polypeptide in claim 1(a), Rhee teaches collagen and does not teach polypeptide or polyalkylene oxide having amino or thiol functional groups. However, compositions containing polyamino acid polymers such as polylysine and those having methionine and cysteine have been shown in the prior art to be used to promote tissue repair or tissue growth according to Jiang at column 2, lines 54-64 and Example 1. The presence of methionine or cysteine meets claims 21, 22, 55, 56, 78 and 82-84. Therefore, taking the teachings of the references together, one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have reasonable expectation of success that combining the activated succinimidyl PEG with the polylysine polymer would lead to reaction of the ester functionality of the activated PEG and the amino group of the lysine which when administered to the tissue site would cross-link and act to augment the tissue. One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have reasonable expectation of success to augment soft tissue by administering the individual composition to the tissue site requiring augmentation in order for the two compositions to advantageously polymerize at the sites needing augmentation.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed 6/23/08 as it relates to the current rejections have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
5. Applicant argues that the claims are directed to completely synthetic cross-linkable components that are rapidly-gelling and non-immunogenic. The examiner disagrees because although polyethylene oxide or polyethylene glycol is synthetic, claims 1, 35 and 73 do not require the polypeptide to be synthetic; since the components in the prior art and the components

of the claims are the same, it flows that the components in the prior art are non-immunogenic.

Moreover, the prior art does not say that the components are immunogenic.

6. Applicant argues that because US 6,534,591 has been issued the examined claims should be passed to issue as required by MPEP in *in re Ochai* and *in re Brouwer*. This is not persuasive because the method claims and the issued product claims are not in one application such that the rejoinder requirement of *in re Ochai* does not apply. Patentability of the examined claims is not based on the issued claims of 6,534,591 and each application is examined on its merits and not examined and allowed because claims of parent application are allowed.

7. Furthermore, the rejection under 35 USC 102 has been dropped in favor of rejections under 35 USC 103 in view of the amendment.

No claim is allowed.

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a).

Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BLESSING M. FUBARA whose telephone number is (571)272-0594. The examiner can normally be reached on 7 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. (Monday to Thursday).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael G. Hartley can be reached on (571) 272-0616. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Michael G. Hartley/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1618

/Blessing M. Fubara/
Examiner, Art Unit 1618